

Spin squeezing for quantum metrology

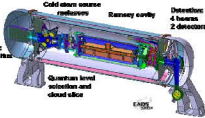
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Atomic clocks and sensors



*Cs beam tube clock
 ($5 \cdot 10^{-12} s^{-1/2}$ stability,
 $\sim 10^{-13}$ accuracy)*



PHARAO space clock



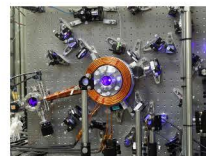
*absolute gravimeter
 (www.muquans.com)*



fountain clock



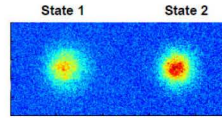
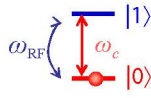
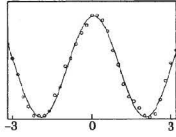
atomic magnetometer



*optical lattice clock
 ($\sim 10^{-16}$ stability,
 $< 10^{-17}$ accuracy)*

Readout: Continous parameter, but "digital" measurement

- Always measure some kind of interference fringe: Ramsey fringe (internal state), matter wave interference (external state)...



- Desired observable is position on fringe (continuous value), but each atom is a two-level system, yielding only 1 bit of information.

- With independent atoms, this leads to binomial statistics, as in coin tossing:

$$\Delta\phi \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}}$$

- When all technical noise is eliminated, this is a fundamental limit to quantum measurement with two-level systems.
- ... Unless entanglement is used!

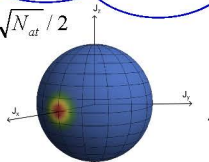
Spin squeezing

- Metrology in AMO systems (beyond):
Measurement uncertainty below shot-noise
- Using **entangled** products of observables:

Spin-squeezed states are entangled!
Other entangled states with metrological gain exist as well.

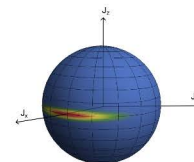
Coherent spin state (CSS)

$$\Delta J_z = \Delta J_y = \sqrt{N_{at}} / 2$$



Spin-squeezed state

$$\xi^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{N_{at}} / 2}{\Delta J_z} \frac{J_x}{N_{at} / 2} \right)^2$$

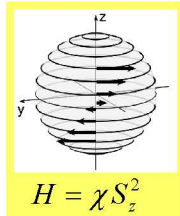


- N independent atoms**
- Tensor product state**
- Projection noise limit:**
 $1/\sqrt{N_{at}}$

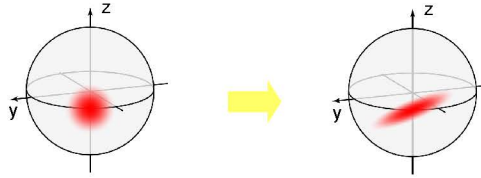
- Highly entangled state**
- Noise: like CSS with ξ^2 times N_{at}**
- Ultimate (Heisenberg) limit: $1/N_{at}$**
- Create by interaction or QND measurement**

Creating spin-squeezed states

- **Squeezing by interaction**

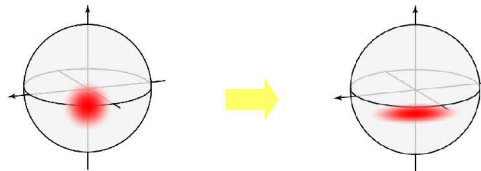


"One-axis twisting"



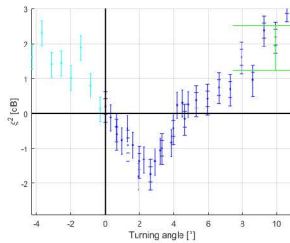
- **Squeezing by nondestructive measurement**

Measure $N_2 - N_1$, with sub-shot noise resolution, without destroying their relative phase.
(Difficult, but possible.)



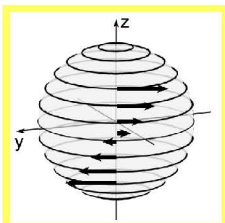
State of the art

- Not a magic wand, but **will improve clocks/sensors that are QPN-limited**.
- QPN limit **first reached in SYRTE fountain clock** (1999).
As technology improves, more sensors reach this limit.
Optical clocks expected to reach this limit soon.
- **Particularly important when atom N_{at} is restricted** (small probes...).
- Still at proof-of-principle level: 4.5dB clock improvement @ $10^{-9} \text{ s}^{-1/2}$.
No metrology-grade experiments yet.



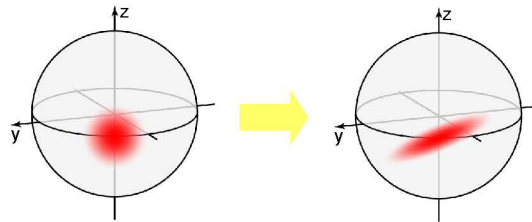
Spontaneous spin squeezing in a Rb BEC

Spin squeezing by atomic interaction



$$H = \chi S_z^2$$

“One-axis twisting”



- **Occurs naturally in BECs with two internal states $|\uparrow\rangle, |\downarrow\rangle$, due to interactions.**
Sørensen et al, Nature (2001)
- χ depends on scattering lengths: $a_{\uparrow\uparrow} + a_{\downarrow\downarrow} - 2a_{\uparrow\downarrow}$.
- **However, in ^{87}Rb , $a_{\uparrow\uparrow} \approx a_{\downarrow\downarrow} \approx 2a_{\uparrow\downarrow}$ so that $\chi \approx 0$.**
- **Solutions so far:**
 - **State-dependent potentials on atom chip** Riedel et al, Nature (2010)
 - **Feshbach resonance in optical potential** Gross et al, Nature (2010)

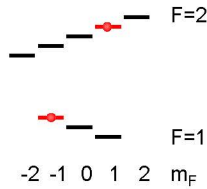
Experiment

Highly anisotropic harmonic trap:

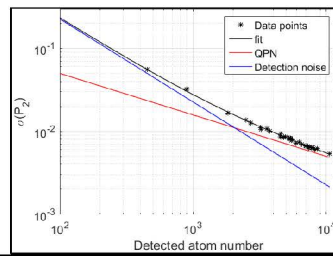
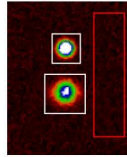


(2.7, 92, 74) Hz

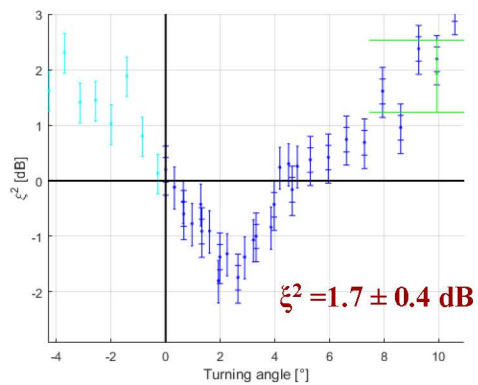
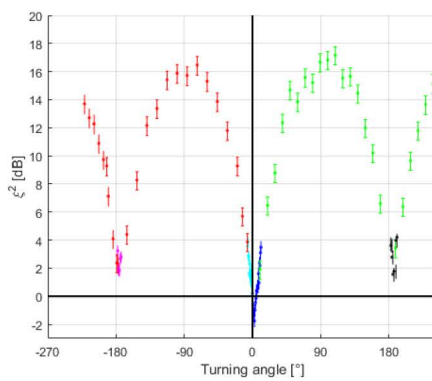
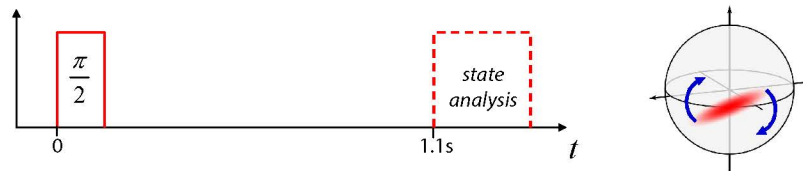
Two identically trapped states:



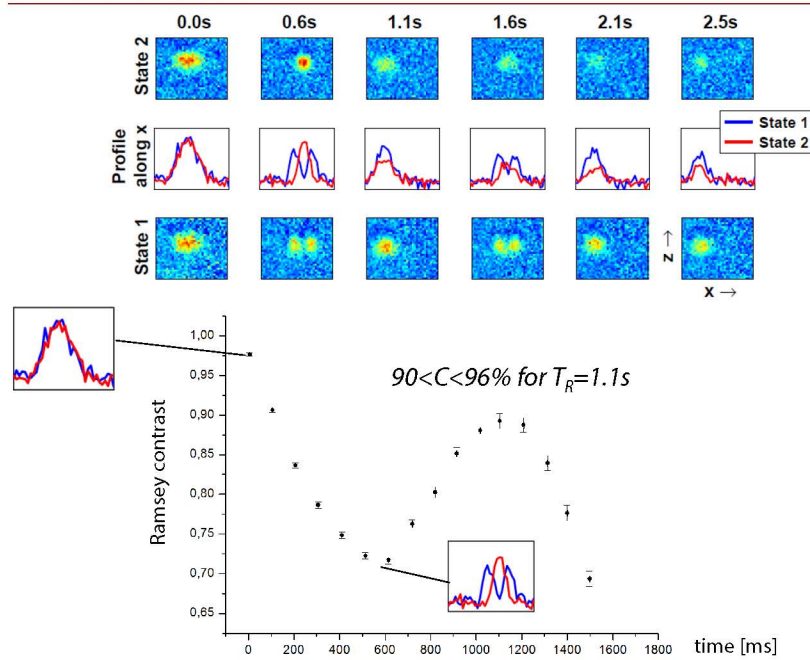
High-performance imaging:



Timing sequence

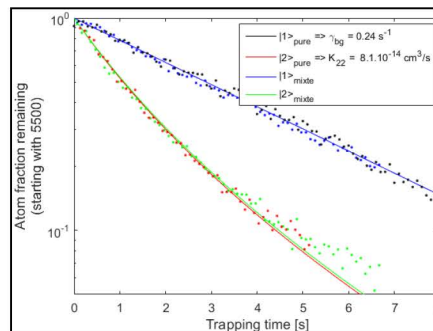


What's the trick?



Outlook

Limit: Asymmetric losses



Possible application:

Atom interferometers using BECs as a source state.

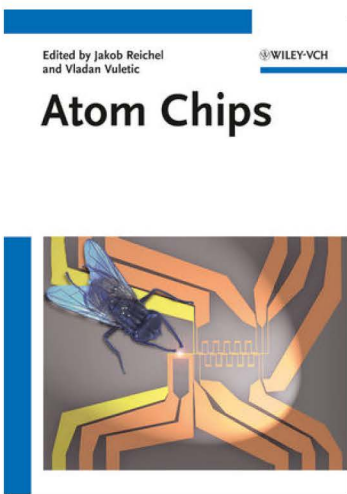
See for example S. Abend et al, Atom Chip Fountain Gravimeter, PRL **117**, 203003 (2016).

In such instruments, spontaneous squeezing comes for free!

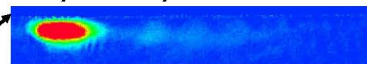


Towards a squeezing-enhanced compact atomic clock

Atom Chips



Complex manipulation

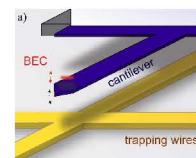


Compact setup, fast BEC

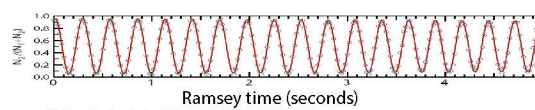


ColdQuanta.com

Interaction with surface



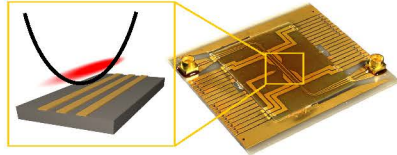
Long coherence time



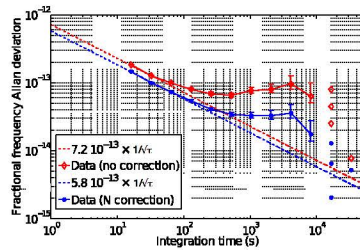
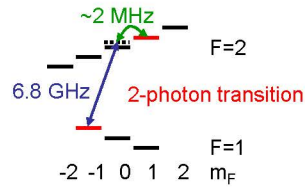
C. Deutsch et al., PRL **105**, 020401 (2010)

TACC: Trapped-Atom Clock on a Chip

Collaboration with SYRTE



Atom chip has coplanar waveguide for 2-photon clock transition.

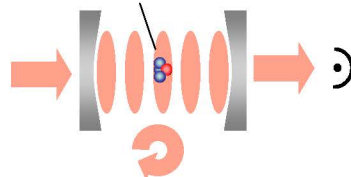
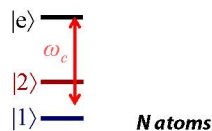


Measured stability: $5.8 \cdot 10^{-13} \text{ s}^{-1/2}$

Szmuk et al., *PRA*, **92**, 012106 (2015).

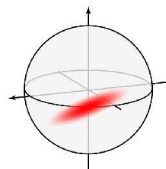


Generating spin squeezing with optical cavities



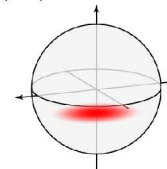
Detection projects N_2-N_1 state

Leroux, Schleier-Smith and Vuletic, *PRL* **104**, 073602 (2010).



State-dependent light intensity acts back on collective state

Schleier-Smith et al., *PRL* **104**, 073604 (2010).

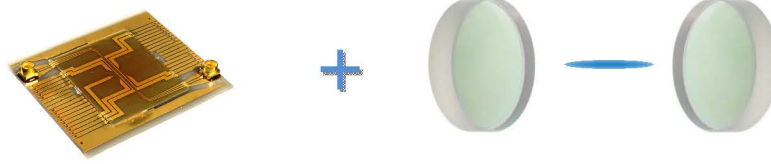


Now works very well: **>20dB**.

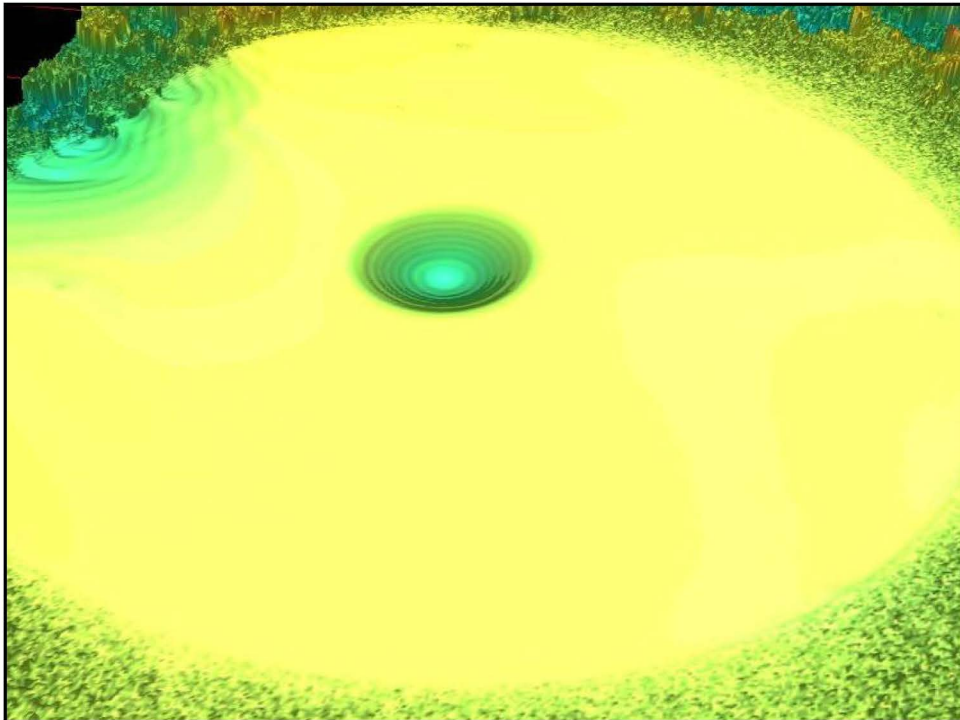
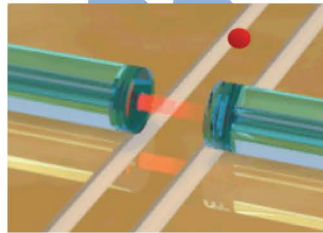
Hosten et al., *Nature* **529**, 505 (2016).

H. J. Kimble, *Physica Scripta* **176**, 127 (1998)
 S. Haroche & J.-M. Raimond, *Exploring the Quantum*, Oxford (2006)
 H. Tanji-Suzuki et al., *Adv. At. Mol. Opt. Phys.* **60**, 201, arXiv:1104.3594 (2011)

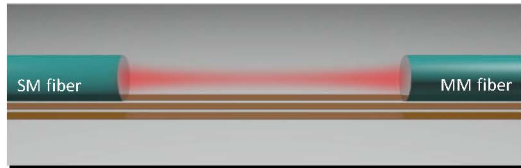
How to combine atom chip and Fabry-Perot cavity?



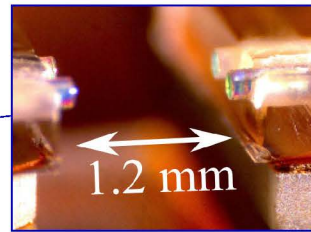
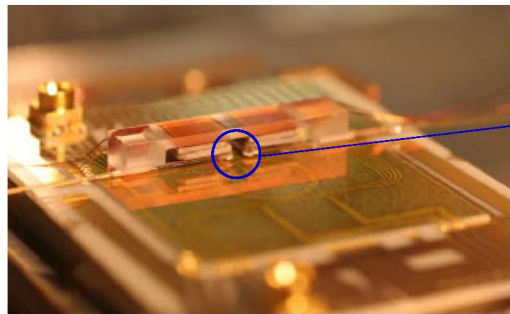
Solution: Fiber Fabry-Pérot cavities



Experiment under way...



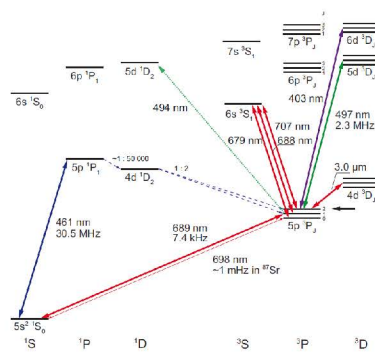
TACC 2.0 Design
L=1.5 mm FFP cavity,
atom chip with
microwave CPW.



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Outlook

- **CQED with alkaline-earth atoms**



- **Optical instead of microwave qubit:**
Spontaneous emission no longer an issue!
Limits will be completely different (and probably lower)!
- **Optical lattice clocks use alkaline-earths.**



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Future directions

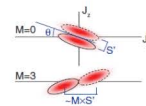
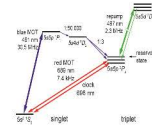
Spin squeezed state: **One example** of metrological enhancement.

- **Metrological power of other entangled states?**
 - Related to Fisher information.
 - Preparation, robustness, ...



Entanglement is a resource

- **Other atoms**
 - So far, spin squeezing mostly limited to Rb.
 - Best lattice clocks: Sr...
- **Advanced “quantum strategies” for metrology**
 - Example: “quantum phase magnification”.



- Spin squeezing involves **powerful optical technologies** which can be **applied in other areas**.
 - Example: Fiber Fabry-Perot cavities

